

- 2 (a) Explain Lagrangian Interpolation. 7
 (b) Given the table of value as 8

x	2.5	3.0	4.5	4.75	6.0
$y(x)$	8.85	11.45	20.66	22.85	38.60

Find $y(3.5)$. Use divided difference Interpolation.

OR

- 2 (a) The function $F(x)$ is given as follows : 7

x	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
y	1.001	1.008	1.027	1.064	1.125	1.216	1.343	1.512	1.729	2.0

Compute the Integral of $F(x)$ between $x=0.1$ and

$x=1.0$. Use Simpon's $\frac{3}{8}^{th}$ rule.

- (b) Derive Newton Forward differentiation formula. 8
- 3 (a) The distance (s) covered by a car in a given time (t) 8
 is given in the following table :

<i>Time(minutes)</i>	10	12	16	17	22
<i>Distance(km)</i>	12	15	20	22	32

Find the speed of the car at $t=14$ minutes.

- (b) Write a 'C' program for trapezoidal Rule. 7
- OR**
- 3 (a) Write an algorithm of Newton Backward Interpolation. 8
 (b) Explain Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}^{rd}$ method & derive formula.

- 4 (a) Answer the following questions in brief : 10
- (i) Compare the results obtain by Euler's method & Runge Kutta 4^{th} order methods.
 - (ii) Compare the computational complexities between approaches Gauss Jordan and Gauss Elimination methods of solve S.L.E. ?
 - (iii) What is partial pivoting ? Why it is needed in solution of simultaneous linear equation ?
 - (iv) What are the prerequisite conditions to find an inverse of a matrix ?
 - (v) What is the degree of differential equation ? State mean value theorem also.
- (b) (i) Give the steps for Crout's decomposition method. 8
- (ii) What is rank of matrix ? Explain it with example. 2
- 5 (a) Given that one of the roots of the nonlinear equation $x^3 - 4x - 9 = 0$ lies between 2.625 and 3.0. Find the root correct to 4 significant digits using Newton Raphson method. 7
- (b) What is eigen value ? Find the eigen values of matrix 8

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

- 5 (a) Write C program for Newton Raphson method. 7
- (b) Solve the following system of equations accurate to four significant digits by applying Gauss Seidel Method : 8

$$20x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 17$$

$$3x_1 + 20x_2 - x_3 = -18$$

$$2x_1 - 3x_2 + 20x_3 = 25$$

- 6 (a) Solve the following system of equation by matrix inversion method : 7

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 = 13$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 20$$

$$3x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 10.$$

- (b) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$ with $y(1) = 5$ find the solution correct 8

to 3 decimal point in interval $[1, 1.5]$ using step size = 0.1 by Runge Kutta 4th order method.

OR

- 6 (a) Write algorithm & C program for Runge Kutta 2nd order method. 10

- (b) Using modified Euler's method, find the solution of the following differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$$

for $x = 1.1, 1.2$ and 1.3 . Give that $y = 1$ when $x = 1$.